

Contents



1	The Structure of Cells (Prokaryotes, Eukaryotes). EBERHARD SCHNEPF.	
	(With 10 Figures)	1
1.1	Characteristics of Cells	1
1.1.1	Molecule – Organelle – Cell – Organism	1
1.1.2	The Cell: Basic Unit of Life	1
1.1.3	The Size of the Cell	2
1.1.4	Procyte and Eucyte	2
1.2	Cell Organelles	7
1.2.1	Plasmalemma	7
1.2.2	Nucleus	7
1.2.3	Ground Cytoplasm	9
1.2.4	Organelles of One Compartment	12
1.2.5	Compound Organelles	13
1.2.6	Cell Envelopes and Cell Connections	15
1.3	Nuclear and Cell Division	16
1.3.1	Mitosis	16
1.3.2	Meiosis	17
1.3.3	Cell Division	18
1.4	Evolution of the Eucyte	18
1.5	Viruses and Bacteriophages	19
2	The Chemical Structure of Biologically Important Macromolecules.	
	HARALD TSCHESCHE. (With 39 Figures)	20
2.1	Introduction	20
2.2	Nucleic Acids and Their Structure	21
2.2.1	Nucleotides as Building Blocks	21
2.2.2	The Covalent Polynucleotide Structure	22
2.2.3	The Principle of Base Pairing	23
2.2.4	The Double Helical Structure of DNA	24
2.2.5	Properties of DNA	25
2.3	Proteins and Their Structure	28
2.3.1	Amino Acids as Building Units	28
2.3.2	Peptide Bond Formation	29
2.3.3	Properties of Amino Acids	29
2.3.4	The Covalent Structure of Proteins	31
2.3.5	Stabilisation of the Structural Elements by Hydrogen Bonds (Secondary Structure)	34
2.3.6	The Spatial Structure	35
3	Structure Determination of Biomolecules by Physical Methods	42
3.1	Size and Shape. FRIEDRICH DÖRR. (With 11 Figures)	42
3.1.1	Introduction	42
3.1.1.1	Idealized Shape	42
3.1.2	Experimental Methods	42
3.1.2.1	Diffusion	42
3.1.2.2	Sedimentation Velocity	45
3.1.2.3	Electrophoresis	45
3.1.2.4	Sedimentation Equilibrium	45
3.1.2.5	Density Gradient Method	46
3.1.2.6	Viscosity of Polymer Solutions	46
3.1.2.7	Rotational Diffusion and Flow Birefringence	47

3.2	Internal Structure	50
3.2.1	Structure Analysis with X Rays. WALTER HOPPE. (With 13 Figures)	50
3.2.1.1	Introduction	50
3.2.1.2	Diffraction on a Single Atom	52
3.2.1.3	Diffraction on a Single Molecule	52
3.2.1.4	The Crystal as a Scattering Object	54
3.2.1.5	Properties of the Crystal as an Amplifier of Scattering Amplitudes with Noise Level	56
3.2.1.6	A Few Experimental Details	56
3.2.1.7	Protein Crystals	58
3.2.1.8	The Phase Problem in the Structure Analysis of Protein Crystals	58
3.2.1.9	Fibrillar Structures	61
3.2.1.10	Viruses and Other Giant Molecules	62
3.2.2	Diffuse Small-angle Scattering of Macromolecules in Solution. OTTO KRATKY. (With 9 Figures)	65
3.2.2.1	From the Particle to the Scattering Curve (Brief Description of the General Scattering Theory)	65
3.2.2.2	Determination of Particle Parameters	66
3.2.2.3	Approximation of Particle Shape by Comparison with Theoretical Scattering Curves	70
3.2.2.4	Contrast Variation	71
3.2.2.5	Label Triangulation Methods	72
3.2.2.6	Some Remarks on the Experimental Technique	73
3.2.3	Structure Analysis with Electron Rays (Electron Microscopy). WALTER HOPPE. (With 16 Figures)	74
3.2.3.1	Introduction	74
3.2.3.2	The Electron Microscope as an Imaging Device	75
3.2.3.3	The Biological Specimen and the Electron Microscope	76
3.2.3.4	The Scanning Electron Microscope	79
3.2.3.5	The Periodic-symmetrical Negatively or Positively Stained Biological Object	80
3.2.3.6	The Electron Microscope as Phase-measuring Diffractometer for Electron Rays	81
3.2.3.7	Two-dimensional Image Filtering and Reconstruction	84
3.2.3.8	Three-dimensional Electron Microscopy of Biological Objects	87
3.2.3.9	Structure Analysis of Native Biogenic Macromolecules	90
3.2.3.10	Is the Examination of an Individual Biogenic Macromolecule Impossible at Atomic Resolution?	92
3.2.3.11	Conclusion	92
3.2.4	Light Scattering by Macromolecules. HORST BRUNNER and KLAUS DRANSFELD (B. P. WINNEWISSER, translator). (With 10 Figures)	93
3.2.4.1	Introduction	93
3.2.4.2	Elastic Scattering	93
3.2.4.3	Quasi-elastic Light Scattering	98
3.2.4.4	Inelastic Scattering	99
3.2.4.5	Outlook	100
3.2.5	Applications of Spectrophotometry in the Ultraviolet and Visible Spectral Regions. HARALD NEUBACHER and WOLFGANG LOHMANN (B. P. WINNEWISSER, translator). (With 11 Figures)	100
3.2.5.1	Introduction	100
3.2.5.2	The Lambert-Beer Law	101
3.2.5.3	Orbitals and Transitions	102
3.2.5.4	Chromophores and Their Spectra	104
3.2.5.5	Linear Dichroism	106
3.2.5.6	Absorption Spectra of Transition-Metal Complexes	106
3.2.5.7	The Techniques of Absorption Spectrophotometry	107
3.2.5.8	Additional Techniques	108
3.2.6	Applications of Photoacoustic Spectroscopy in Biophysics. HARALD NEUBACHER, ARTHUR SCHARMANN, and WOLFGANG LOHMANN (B. P. WINNEWISSER, translator). (With 9 Figures)	109

3.2.7	Action Spectroscopy. KARL M. HARTMANN (B. P. WINNEWISSER, translator) (With 16 Figures)	115
3.2.7.1	Introduction	115
3.2.7.2	Pigment-Photon Interactions	116
3.2.7.3	Exact Action Spectra	118
3.2.7.4	Kinetic Typology and Model Analyses	121
3.2.7.5	Concepts and Methods for the Generation and Measurement of Monochromatic and Polarized Radiation	134
3.2.8	ORD and CD Spectroscopy. AXEL WOLLMER. (With 10 Figures)	144
3.2.8.1	Fundamentals	144
3.2.8.2	Applications	147
3.2.8.3	Experimental Techniques	150
3.2.9	Applications of the Mössbauer Effect to Problems in Biophysics. FRITZ PARAK and G. MICHAEL KALVIUS. (With 14 Figures)	151
3.2.9.1	Introduction	151
3.2.9.2	Basics of Mössbauer Measurements	151
3.2.9.3	Investigation of the Temperature Dependence of the Quadrupole Splitting of Fe in Hemoglobin	154
3.2.9.4	Studies of the Electron Structure of a Bacterial Ferredoxin	160
3.2.9.5	The Mössbauer Effekt as an Aid in the Structure Determination of Proteins	161
3.2.9.6	Investigations of the Dynamic Properties of Biomolecules	162
3.2.10	Methods for Measuring Fast Reactions. HARTMANN RÜPPEL (B. P. WINNEWISSER, translator). (With 10 Figures)	163
3.2.10.1	The Principle of Chemical Relaxation Following Physical Reaction Releases	163
3.2.10.2	Excitation Methods	165
3.2.10.3	Measuring Methods	171
3.2.10.4	Recording and Evaluation of Kinetic Data	176
3.3	Electron-spin Resonance Spectroscopy. HARALD NEUBACHER and WOLFGANG LOHMANN (B. P. WINNEWISSER, translator). (With 14 Figures)	178
3.3.1	Introduction	178
3.3.2	The Spin Hamiltonian	179
3.3.3	ESR Spectra of Organic Radicals in Solution – Isotropic Hyperfine Splitting	180
3.3.4	ESR Spectra of Organic Radicals in Solids – Anisotropic Hyperfine Splitting	181
3.3.5	ESR Spectra of Inorganic Radicals – g-value Anisotropy	182
3.3.6	ESR of Organic Molecules in Triplet States – Electron Spin-Spin Interactions	183
3.3.7	Relaxation Processes and Line Shapes	184
3.3.8	The ESR Spectrometer	184
3.3.9	Multiple Resonance Techniques	185
3.3.10	Applications of ESR to Biological Systems	186
3.3.10.1	Transition Metal Complexes	186
3.3.10.2	ESR of Natural Biological Samples	188
3.3.10.3	ESR in Irradiated Biological Material	188
3.4	Nuclear Magnetic Resonance Spectroscopy. HANS-HELMUT PAUL, VOLKER PENKA and WOLFGANG LOHMANN (B. P. WINNEWISSER, translator). (With 22 Figures)	190
3.4.1	Introduction	190
3.4.2	Basic Theory	190
3.4.2.1	Nucleus in an External Magnetic Field	190
3.4.2.2	Chemical Shift and Spin-Spin Coupling	191
3.4.2.3	Classical Description of NMR and Relaxation Effects	194
3.4.2.4	Influence of Metal Ions	197
3.4.3	Experimental Techniques	197
3.4.3.1	NMR Spectrometers and FT Spectroscopy	197
3.4.3.2	Measurement of the Longitudinal Relaxation Time	200
3.4.3.3	Two-dimensional NMR Spectroscopy	201
3.4.4	Biophysical Applications of NMR Spectroscopy	201
3.4.4.1	Base Stacking and Hydrogen Bonds	201

3.4.4.2	Observation of the Helix Coil Transition in Proteins	202
3.4.4.3	Assignment of Histidine Resonances by Means of pH Titration	203
3.4.4.4	Investigation of Protein-Ligand Interactions	204
3.4.4.5	NMR Spectroscopy of Membranes	205
3.4.4.6	NMR Imaging	205
4	Intra- and Intermolecular Interactions	207
4.1	Introduction. G. LUDWIG HOFACKER	207
4.2	Primary Structure. G. LUDWIG HOFACKER. (With 7 Figures)	207
4.2.1	Particles	207
4.2.2	Atoms	208
4.2.2.1	The Periodic Table	208
4.2.2.2	Biochemical Aspects of the Periodic Table	210
4.2.3	Bonds	214
4.2.3.1	The Valency Scheme of Chemistry and the Orbital Model	214
4.2.3.2	The MO Model and Its Variants	214
4.2.3.3	Examples of Orbital Structure	217
4.3	Interactions Between Structural Units. G. LUDWIG HOFACKER. (With 1 Figure)	223
4.3.1	The Repulsion of Electron Pairs	223
4.3.2	Electrostatic Forces	224
4.3.2.1	Force Laws	224
4.3.2.2	Screening	225
4.3.3	Dispersion Forces	225
4.3.4	Hydrogen Bonds	226
4.3.4.1	Bond Properties	226
4.3.4.2	Structural and Functional Properties of H-bonds	228
4.4	Charge-transfer Reaction in Biomolecules. JANOS J. LADIK. (With 2 Figures)	230
4.5	Conformational Transitions in Biopolymers. JÜRGEN ENGEL. (With 10 Figures)	233
4.5.1	Introduction	233
4.5.2	Theoretical Treatment	234
4.5.2.1	Noncooperative Transitions	234
4.5.2.2	A Simple Example of a Cooperative Transition	235
4.5.2.3	The All or None (AON) Approximation	235
4.5.2.4	Transition of Very Long Chains	236
4.5.2.5	Transitions with a Bimolecular Nucleation Step	237
4.5.2.6	Description of Experimental Data	237
4.5.2.7	Kinetics of Cooperative Transitions	237
4.5.3	Experimental Examples	238
4.5.3.1	The Coil $\rightleftharpoons$ α -Helix Transition	238
4.5.3.2	The Coil to Double Helix Transition of Nucleic Acids	239
4.5.3.3	Folding of a Fibrous Protein: the Coil $\rightleftharpoons$ Triple Helix Transition of Collagen	239
4.5.3.4	Denaturation and Renaturation of Globular Proteins	241
4.6	Polar Interactions, Hydration, Proton Conduction and Conformation of Biological Systems – Infrared Results. GEORG ZUNDEL. (With 10 Figures)	243
4.6.1	Fundamentals	243
4.6.2	Interactions and Conformation with Polynucleotides	245
4.6.3	Hydrogen Bonds between Side Chains and Proton Conduction, Hydration and Conformation of Proteins	249
4.6.4	Experimental Techniques	254
4.7	Debye-Hückel Theory (Forces between Molecules in Solution). JANOS J. LADIK.	254
4.7.1	Debye-Hückel Theory	255
4.7.2	Quantum-mechanical Discussion	257
4.8	Polyelectrolytes and Their Interaction. HERMANN BERG (B. P. WINNEWISSER, translator). (With 4 Figures)	258
4.8.1	Introduction	258
4.8.2	Polyelectrolytes in Salt Solutions	258
4.8.2.1	Proteins	258
4.8.2.2	Nucleic Acids	259

4.8.3 Polyelectrolytes on Boundary Surfaces	260
4.8.3.1 Proteins	260
4.8.3.2 Nucleic Acids	260
4.8.4 Polyelectrolytes in Complexes	261
4.8.4.1 Interactions with Biologically Active Substances	262
4.8.4.2 Interactions in Nucleoproteins and in Nucleosomes	262
4.8.5 Prospects	263
5 Mechanisms of Energy Transfer	265
5.1 Photophysics and Photochemistry. General Principles. FRIEDRICH DÖRR. (With 12 Figures)	265
5.1.1 Stationary States of Molecules	265
5.1.1.1 Energy Level Diagrams: Multiplicity	265
5.1.1.2 Solution Spectra	266
5.1.1.3 Special Types of Transitions	267
5.1.2 Basic Theoretical Concepts	267
5.1.2.1 MO Model	267
5.1.2.2 Classification of MO's	268
5.1.2.3 Classification of Optical Transitions and of Excited States	268
5.1.3 Important Photophysical Processes	269
5.1.4 The Mechanisms of Some Selected Photophysical Processes	270
5.1.4.1 Absorption and Emission of Light	270
5.1.5 Some Applications of Absorption and Fluorescence Spectroscopy	272
5.1.5.1 Qualitative Chemical Analysis	272
5.1.5.2 Quantitative Spectrophotometric Analysis	272
5.1.5.3 Determination of Equilibria	272
5.1.6 Change in Basicity and Acidity upon Optical Excitation	273
5.1.7 Fluorescence Quenching	273
5.1.8 Energy Transfer	274
5.1.9 Delayed Fluorescence	276
5.1.10 Primary Photochemical Reactions	277
5.1.10.1 Monomolecular Photoreactions	277
5.1.10.2 Magnetic Field Effect on Radical-Pair Reactions	277
5.1.10.3 Bimolecular Primary Reactions	278
5.1.10.4 Spectral Sensitization	278
5.1.10.5 Photosensitized Oxygenation by Singlet O ₂	278
5.1.10.6 Photodynamic Effects	279
5.2 Energy Transfer Mechanisms. HANS KUHN (B. P. WINNEWISSE, translator) (With 10 Figures)	279
5.2.1 Classical Approach	279
5.2.2 Emitter Molecule Near an Absorbing Layer	281
5.2.3 Energy Transfer in Systems of Monomolecular Layers	282
5.2.4 Reaction of Receiver Molecule 2 on Emitter Molecule 1	285
5.2.5 Emitter Molecule in the Echo of a Metal Mirror	286
5.2.6 Energy Transfer in Cooperative Systems of Dye Molecules	287
6 Radiation Biophysics. ERNST-GEORG NIEMANN (B. P. WINNEWISSE, translator) (With 7 Figures)	289
6.1 Introduction	289
6.2 Radiation and Its Measurement	289
6.2.1 Types of Radiation	289
6.2.2 Interaction Between Radiation and Matter	289
6.2.3 Dose and Dose Rate	291
6.2.4 Dosimetry	292
6.3 Description and Interpretation of Radiation Action	292
6.3.1 Dose-effect Graphs and Target Theory	292
6.3.2 Direct and Indirect Radiation Action	293
6.3.3 Energy-transfer Processes. Reaction Rates, Pulse Radiolysis and Flash Photolysis	294

6.4	Molecular Effects of Radiation	294
6.4.1	Radiation Chemistry of Water	294
6.4.2	Radicals and Molecular Products	295
6.4.3	Modification of Radiation Effects	296
6.5	Radiation Effects on Biomolecules and Molecular Structures	297
6.5.1	Radiation Effects on Proteins	297
6.5.2	Radiation Effects on Nucleic Acids	297
6.5.3	Radiation Effects on Membrane Structures	297
6.6	Radiation Effects on Cells and Organisms	298
6.6.1	Radiation Effect on the Cell	298
6.6.2	Genetic Radiation Effects	298
6.6.3	Radiation Stimulation	299
6.7	Radiation Hazards and Radiation Protection	299
6.7.1	Natural and Man-made Radiation Burden	299
6.7.2	Radiation Protection	299
7	Isotope Methods Applied in Biology. HELMUT SIMON (S. MESSELE-WIESER, translator). (With 5 Figures)	301
7.1	Introduction	301
7.2	Stable and Radioactive Isotopes	301
7.2.1	Comparative Study	301
7.2.2	Stable Isotopes and the Principles of Isotope Measuring	302
7.2.3	Radioactive Isotopes	303
7.2.4	The Most Important Measuring Methods for Radioactive Isotopes	304
7.3	Isotope Effects	306
7.3.1	Main Causes of Isotope Effects	306
7.3.2	Kinetic Isotope Effects and Their Determination	307
7.4	Analytic Isotope Application	308
7.4.1	Activation Analysis	308
7.4.2	Isotope Dilution Analysis	308
7.4.3	Radioimmunologic Analysis	309
7.5	Some Examples for the Application of Isotopes	309
7.5.1	Studies of Distribution	309
7.5.2	Metabolism and Transport	310
7.5.3	The Steric Process of Enzyme Reactions on Prochiral Systems	313
7.5.4	Studies of Isotope Exchange	314
8	Energetic and Statistical Relations	316
8.1	General. FRIEDRICH DÖRR	316
8.2	Basic Concepts of Thermodynamics. FRIEDRICH DÖRR. (With 2 Figures)	316
8.2.1	First Law of Thermodynamics, Enthalpy	317
8.2.2	Second Law of Thermodynamics, Entropy, Equilibrium, Free Enthalpy and Maximum Useful Work	318
8.2.3	Standard Values	319
8.2.4	Standard Free-energy Change and the Equilibrium Constant	320
8.2.5	Chemical Potential, Activity, Standard State	321
8.2.6	Phase Equilibrium, Phase Rule	322
8.3	Energy Flux, ATP, Transfer Potentials and Coupled Reactions. FRIEDRICH DÖRR. (With 1 Figure)	323
8.4	Statistical Interpretation of Thermodynamic Quantities. FRIEDRICH DÖRR. (With 1 Figure)	324
8.4.1	Energy Eigenvalues, Maxwell-Boltzmann Distribution, Partition Function	324
8.4.2	Partition Function and Thermodynamic Quantities; Third Law of Thermodynamics	326
8.4.3	Statistical Description of Chemical Equilibrium	326
8.4.4	Limitations of Equilibrium Thermodynamics	327
8.5	Theory of Absolute Reaction Rates. FRIEDRICH DÖRR. (With 1 Figure)	328
8.5.1	Definition of Kinetic Parameters	328
8.5.2	Transition State Theory	328

8.6	Irreversible Thermodynamics – An Overview. PETER SCHUSTER. (With 17 Figures)	330
8.6.1	Introduction	330
8.6.2	Equilibrium – the State of Perfect Dynamical Compensation	330
8.6.3	The Four Laws of Equilibrium Thermodynamics	332
8.6.4	Reversible and Irreversible Processes	333
8.6.5	Flows, Forces, and Entropy Production	334
8.6.6	Linear Irreversible Thermodynamics	337
8.6.7	Far off from Equilibrium – Bifurcations, Multiple Steady States and Spatial Order	341
8.6.8	Oscillations, Chemical Waves and Molecular Chaos	343
8.6.9	Concluding Remarks	346
8.7	Biological Energy Conservation. GERNOT RENGIER. (With 19 Figures)	347
8.7.1	Introduction	347
8.7.1.1	The Level of the Nonequilibrium State of Biological Organisms	348
8.7.1.2	The Sun as Practically Unique Source of Free Energy for the Biosphere	348
8.7.1.3	The Chemical Nature of Free-energy Converters in Biological Organisms	349
8.7.2	The General Principles of Functional and Structural Organization of Bioenergetic Fundamental Reactions	350
8.7.3	Properties of ATP and its Central Role in Bioenergetics	352
8.7.3.1	Properties of ATP	352
8.7.3.2	The Role of ATP in Bioenergetics	353
8.7.4	Mechanisms and Energetics of the Reaction of Metabolically Bound Hydrogen with O_2	354
8.7.4.1	The Generation of Metabolically Bound Hydrogen via Catabolic Food Degradation	354
8.7.4.2	Properties of O_2 as Biological Oxidant	355
8.7.4.3	Reactions with O_2 of Metabolically Bound Hydrogen Within the Cristae Membrane	356
8.7.5	Biological Energy Transformation Processes	362
8.7.5.1	Energy Converters	362
8.7.5.2	Mechanistic Aspects of the Transformation of Electronic Redox Energy into Chemical Energy in Form of Energy-rich Compounds	366
8.7.5.3	The Exploitation of Electrochemical Energy for Nonchemical Biological Processes	370
8.7.5.4	Reverse Reactions of Bioenergetic Fundamental Processes	370
9	Enzymes as Biological Catalysts	372
9.1	Introduction. ROBERT HUBER and WILLIAM S. BENNETT, JR.	372
9.2	How Do Enzymes Work? ROBERT HUBER and WILLIAM S. BENNETT, JR. (With 1 Figure)	372
9.3	How Are Enzymes Regulated? ROBERT HUBER and WILLIAM S. BENNETT, JR. (With 2 Figures)	373
9.4	Protein Structure (Globular Proteins). ROBERT HUBER and WILLIAM S. BENNETT, JR. (With 8 Figures)	375
9.4.1	How Do Proteins Fold?	375
9.4.2	Building Blocks	376
9.4.3	Secondary Structure: the Framework	376
9.4.4	Three-dimensional Structure	378
9.4.4.1	General Features	378
9.4.4.2	Stabilizing Forces	378
9.4.4.3	Structure Prediction	379
9.5	Examples. ROBERT HUBER and WILLIAM S. BENNETT, JR. (With 8 Figures)	379
9.5.1	Proteases	379
9.5.2	Immunoglobulins	382
9.6	Structural Organization of Proteins. GEORG E. SCHULZ. (With 14 Figures)	384
9.6.1	Chains, Links and Stability	384
9.6.2	Organizational Scheme	385
9.6.2.1	Amino Acids	386

9.6.2.2	Secondary Structures or Local Order	386
9.6.2.3	Motifs or Supersecondary Structures	387
9.6.2.4	Domains	389
9.6.2.5	Proteins	390
9.6.2.6	Protein Aggregates	391
9.6.3	Hierarchy	392
9.6.4	Symmetry	393
9.6.5	Evolution	393
10	The Biological Function of Nucleic Acids. HERMANN HEUMANN and WOLFRAM ZILLIG. (With 13 Figures)	395
10.1	Introduction	395
10.1.1	General Remarks	395
10.1.2	Occurrence and Structure of Nucleic Acids	395
10.2	DNA Replication	396
10.2.1	Organization of DNA in the Cell	396
10.2.2	Principles of DNA Replication	396
10.2.3	Models for Replication	398
10.2.4	The Replication Apparatus	399
10.2.5	Reverse Transcriptase	399
10.3	Gene Expression	399
10.3.1	Transcription	399
10.3.2	Modification of Nucleic Acid	402
10.3.3	Translation	402
10.4	Regulation of Gene Expression	405
10.4.1	Control Processes on the Level of Transcription	405
10.4.2	Other Control Mechanism of the Gene Expression	406
11	Thermodynamics and Kinetics of Self-assembly. JÜRGEN ENGEL. (With 2 Figures)	408
11.1	General Features	408
11.2	Linear Association	408
11.3	Equilibrium	409
11.4	Kinetics	410
11.5	Size Distribution and Length Determination	411
11.6	Other Effects	411
12	Membranes	413
12.1	Biomembrane Models. KNUTE A. FISHER and WALTHER STOECKENIUS. (With 5 Figures)	413
12.1.1	Introduction: Existence and Composition of Biomembranes	413
12.1.1.1	Gorter and Grendel, the Lipid Bilayer	413
12.1.1.2	Danielli-Davson-Robertson Model	413
12.1.1.3	Other Models	414
12.1.2	Bilayer Model of Lipid Arrangement in Biomembranes	414
12.1.2.1	Evidence from Model Systems and Biomembranes	414
12.1.2.2	Evidence from Reconstituted Functional Model Systems	416
12.1.2.3	Lipid Class Asymmetry and In-plane Arrangement	416
12.1.2.4	Lipid Dynamics	417
12.1.3	Models of Protein Arrangement in Biomembranes	418
12.1.3.1	Protein Asymmetry and In-plane Arrangement	420
12.1.3.2	Protein Mobility	422
12.1.4	Carbohydrate Arrangement in Biomembranes	424
12.1.4.1	Oligosaccharide Labeling and Localization	424
12.1.5	Summary and Conclusions	424
12.2	Physical Foundations of the Molecular Organization and Dynamics of Membranes. ERICH SACKMANN (B. P. WINNEWISSER, translator). (With 27 Figures)	425
12.2.1	Introduction	425
12.2.2	Polymorphism of Lipid/Water Systems	425

12.2.2.1	The Lecithin/Water Phase Diagram	426
12.2.2.2	Thermotropic Structural Phase Transitions of the Lamellar Phase and of Vesicles	428
12.2.2.3	Polymorphism of Lipid Monolayers	429
12.2.3	Molecular Order in Lipid Layers	430
12.2.3.1	Definition of Order	430
12.2.3.2	The Experimental Determination of the Order Parameter	431
12.2.3.3	Molecular Motions and the Order Parameter	432
12.2.3.4	Chain Defects, Order Parameter and Free Volume	432
12.2.4	Molecular Dynamics and Transport Properties	433
12.2.4.1	Lipid Rotation	433
12.2.4.2	Transport of Small Molecules Through Membranes	433
12.2.4.3	Lateral Diffusion in Membranes	434
12.2.4.4	Local Density Fluctuations and Enzyme Activity	436
12.2.5	Elastic Properties of Lipid Bilayers and Membranes	437
12.2.5.1	Lateral Elasticity or Compressibility	437
12.2.5.2	Bending Elasticity and Transverse Compressibility	437
12.2.6	Charge-induced Changes in the Microstructure of Membranes	438
12.2.6.1	Charge-induced Phase Transitions	438
12.2.6.2	Charge-induced Formation of Domains in Lipid Mixtures with Charged Components	439
12.2.6.3	Hysteresis of Charge-induced Domain Formation	440
12.2.7	Structure and Properties of Two-dimensional Lipid Mixtures	440
12.2.7.1	Phase Diagrams of Two-dimensional Lipid Mixtures (Lateral Phase Separation)	440
12.2.7.2	Charge-induced Phase Separation	442
12.2.7.3	Kinetics of Separation in the Lipid State and Largescale Critical Concentration Fluctuations	442
12.2.7.4	The Domain Structure of Lipid Mixtures	443
12.2.7.5	Asymmetry of Lipid Distribution	443
12.2.8	Macromolecules (Proteins) in Lipid Bilayers	444
12.2.8.1	Structural Alteration of the Lipid and on the Formation of a Halo of Boundary Lipid	444
12.2.8.2	Selective Lipid-protein Interactions, or Lipid Selection by Proteins	445
12.2.8.3	Indirect, Lipid-mediated Protein-Protein Interactions	447
12.2.8.4	The Role of Defects (Disclinations) in Lipid Bilayers	447
12.2.9	Applications of Spin Labeling in Membrane Research	449
12.2.10	Examples of Applications	451
12.2.10.1	Anisotropic Molecular Mobility and Order Parameter	451
12.2.10.2	Order Parameter and Lipid Phase Transitions	452
12.2.10.3	Applications Based on Spin-label Interactions	452
12.2.10.4	Lipid Distribution and Phase Separation in Mixed Membranes	453
12.2.10.5	Measurement of the Membrane Potential	454
12.2.10.6	Measurement of the Flip-Flop Time	454
12.2.10.7	Applications of Spin Labeling to Biological Membranes (Lipid-protein Interaction)	455
12.3	Membrane Potentials. BERTHOLD NEUMCKE. (With 2 Figures)	457
12.3.1	Measurement of Membrane Potentials	457
12.3.2	Origins of Membrane Potential	457
12.3.3	Donnan Potential	458
12.3.4	Diffusion Potentials at Membranes	458
12.3.4.1	Nernst Equation	458
12.3.4.2	Goldman Equation	459
12.3.4.3	Ion Permeabilities in the Resting State	459
12.3.5	Contributions of Electrogenic Ion Pumps to the Membrane Potential	460
12.4	Control of Differentiation and Growth by Endogenous Electric Currents. MANFRED H. WEISENSEEL. (With 3 Figures)	460
12.4.1	Introduction: The Problem of "Spatial Development"	460
12.4.2	The Cell Membrane as the Site of Perception and Transduction of Information	461

12.4.3	Electric Currents During Differentiation and Growth of Cells and Tissues	462
12.4.4	A New Method to Measure Transcellular Ionic Currents	464
12.4.5	The Controlling Function of the Natural Ionic Currents	464
12.5	Transport of Matter Through Biological Membranes. EBERHARD FRÖMTER (B. P. WINNEWISSE, translator). (With 24 Figures)	465
12.5.1	Composition and Structure of the Cell Membrane	465
12.5.2	Phenomenological Theory of Membrane Transport	469
12.5.2.1	Simple Systems with Non-electrolytes	469
12.5.2.2	Systems with Electrolytes	473
12.5.2.3	Transport with Chemical Reaction	476
12.5.2.4	Systems with Active Transport	478
12.5.3	Transport by Diffusion	483
12.5.3.1	Transport by "Simple" Diffusion	483
12.5.3.2	Transport by Facilitated Diffusion	486
12.5.3.3	Ion Selectivity	492
12.5.4	Transport by Flux Coupling Between Different Substances	492
12.5.4.1	Coupling Between Water and Dissolved Particles	493
12.5.4.2	Coupling Between Dissolved Particles	493
12.5.5	Active Transport	495
12.5.5.1	Primary Active Transport	495
12.5.5.2	Secondary Active Transport	500
12.5.6	Transport by Vesicle Formation	501
12.6	Biophysics of Respiratory Gas Transport. GERHARD THEWS and HELMUT HUTTEN (B. P. WINNEWISSE, translator). (With 12 Figures)	503
12.6.1	Processes Involved in Respiratory Gas Transport	503
12.6.2	Physical Principles	503
12.6.2.1	Fick's First Law	503
12.6.2.2	The Differential Equation for Diffusion and its Integration	504
12.6.2.3	Solution of the Diffusion Equation by Analog Methods	504
12.6.3	The Transport of Respiratory Gases in Blood	505
12.6.3.1	The Binding of Oxygen and the Kinetics of Oxygen Exchange	505
12.6.3.2	The Binding of Carbon Dioxide and the Kinetics of CO ₂ Exchange	507
12.6.4	Gas Exchange in the Lungs	508
12.6.4.1	Parameters of Gas Exchange in the Lungs	508
12.6.4.2	Inhomogeneities in the Distribution of the Exchange Parameters	510
12.6.5	Gas Exchange in Tissue	510
12.6.5.1	Mathematical Analysis of the Exchange Process	510
12.6.5.2	Experimental Investigations with Microelectrodes	511
12.6.5.3	Examples of the Mathematical Analysis of Gas Exchange in Tissue	512
13	Photobiophysics	515
13.1	Photosynthesis. GERNOT RENGIER. (With 17 Figures)	515
13.1.1	Introduction	515
13.1.1.1	The Functional and Structural Subdivision of the Photosynthetic Apparatus	515
13.1.1.2	Types of Processes in the Thylakoid Membrane System	516
13.1.1.3	Structure and Properties of Chlorophylls	517
13.1.2	Energy Migration Processes	518
13.1.2.1	The Antennae Pigment System	518
13.1.2.2	The Protective Valve System	521
13.1.2.3	Structure and Energetics of the Photosynthetic Units	521
13.1.3	Photochemical Processes at the Reaction Centers	524
13.1.3.1	Two Types of Reaction Centers	524
13.1.3.2	The Photochemically Active Reaction Center of System I (C _I)	525
13.1.3.3	The Photochemically Active Reaction Center of System II (C _{II})	526
13.1.3.4	Energetics and Mechanism of "Chemical" Exciton Dissociation at C _I and C _{II}	527
13.1.3.5	Generation of Excitons via Charge Recombination at the Reaction Centers C _I	530

13.1.4	Electron Transfer Processes	530
13.1.4.1	NADP ⁺ Reduction by Electrons of C _I	530
13.1.4.2	Neutralization of Holes at C _I by Electrons from C _{II}	530
13.1.4.3	Neutralization of Holes at C _{II} by Electrons from H ₂ O	531
13.1.4.4	Nonlinear Electron Transfer Systems	533
13.1.4.5	Summarizing Description of the Electron Transfer Processes	533
13.1.5	Generation of Electrochemical Potentials via Vectorial Charge Transport	533
13.1.5.1	Electrochromic Absorption Changes of the Pigmented Thylakoid Membrane as Molecular Voltmeter	534
13.1.5.2	Formation of an Electric Potential Gradient Across the Thylakoid Membrane	537
13.1.5.3	Formation of a Proton Gradient Across the Thylakoid Membrane	539
13.1.6	Phosphorylation	540
13.1.7	Remarks About the Structure of the Thylakoid Membrane	541
13.1.8	Summarizing Remarks	542
13.2	Photomorphogenesis. KARL M. HARTMANN and WOLFGANG HAUPT. (With 25 Figures)	542
13.2.1	Introduction	542
13.2.2	Characterization of Phytochrome in Vivo	544
13.2.3	Intracellular Localization of Phytochrome	548
13.2.4	Characterization of Phytochrome in Vitro	550
13.2.5	Kinetic Aspects of the Regulation by Phytochrome	552
13.2.6	Phytochrome Control in Nature	557
13.2.7	Concluding Remarks	558
13.3	Bioluminescence. W. D. McELROY. (With 8 Figures)	559
13.3.1	Introduction	559
13.3.2	Firefly Luminescence	560
13.3.3	Mechanism of the Oxidative Reaction	561
13.3.4	Kinetics of Light Production	562
13.3.5	Bacterial Luminescence	562
13.3.6	Marine Luminescence	563
14	Biomechanics	566
14.1	The Molecular Physiology of Contractivity and Motility. HANS GEORG MANNHERZ and KENNETH CHARLES HOLMES. (With 19 Figures)	566
14.1.1	Introduction	566
14.1.2	Muscle Physiology	566
14.1.3	Muscle Mechanics and Energetics	567
14.1.4	Structure of Cross-striated Muscle	567
14.1.5	The Mechanism of Shortening	568
14.1.5.1	The Sliding Filament Hypothesis	568
14.1.5.2	Alterations in the Cross-bridge Configuration	569
14.1.6	The Proteins of the Contractile Apparatus and Their Enzymatic Properties	570
14.1.6.1	The Thick Filament Protein: Myosin	570
14.1.6.2	The Proteins of the Thin Filament	570
14.1.7	The Structure of the Myofilament	571
14.1.7.1	The Myosin Filament	571
14.1.7.2	The Actin Filament	571
14.1.8	The Arrangements of the Filaments in the Overlap Zone	572
14.1.9	The Regulation of Muscle Activity	573
14.1.10	The Enzymatic Activity of Myosin and the Mechanism of ATP Hydrolysis	573
14.1.11	An Attempt to Correlate the Cross-bridge Cycle with ATP Hydrolysis	575
14.1.12	The Kinetics of Cross-bridge Mechanics	576
14.1.13	Variability of the Actomyosin System	576
14.1.14	The Tubulin-Dynein System	577
14.1.15	Structure and Biochemistry of Cilia and Flagella	578
14.1.16	The Mechanism of Cilia and Flagella Movement	578

14.1.17	Cytoplasmic Tubulin	579
14.1.18	Bacteria Flagella	579
14.2	The Biophysics of Locomotion on Land. WERNER NACHTIGALL (B. P. WINNEWISSER, translator). (With 8 Figures)	580
14.2.1	The Biomechanics of Jumping	580
14.2.1.1	Physical Formulation of the Problem	581
14.2.1.2	Advantages of a Pinnate Muscle	582
14.2.1.3	Specific Muscle Work and Specific Muscle Power	582
14.2.1.4	Catapult Mechanisms	583
14.2.1.5	Dimensional Considerations	583
14.2.2	The Biomechanics of Standing and Walking	584
14.3	The Biophysics of Locomotion in Water. WERNER NACHTIGALL (B. P. WINNEWISSER, translator). (With 15 Figures)	587
14.3.1	Basic Hydrodynamic Parameters	587
14.3.1.1	Reynolds Number	587
14.3.1.2	Drag	588
14.3.1.3	Drag Coefficients	588
14.3.1.4	The Boundary Layer	589
14.3.2	Hydrodynamic Adaptation of the Bodies of Swimming Animals	590
14.3.2.1	Flow at Small Reynolds Numbers: the Body of the Water Beetle Dytiscus	590
14.3.2.2	Flow at High Reynolds Numbers: the Bodies of Large Ocean Swimmers	591
14.3.2.3	Hydrodynamic Effect of Fish Slimes	594
14.3.3	Propulsion in Swimming Animals	594
14.3.3.1	Rowing Mechanisms of Water Insects	594
14.3.3.2	Propulsion by Caudal Fin Stroke	596
14.3.3.3	Undulatory Swimming	597
14.4	The Biophysics of Locomotion in Air. WERNER NACHTIGALL (B. P. WINNEWISSER, translator). (With 9 Figures)	601
14.4.1	Definition	601
14.4.2	Extent and Inherent Difficulty of the Subject	601
14.4.3	The Kinematics of Flapping Wings	602
14.4.4	Aerodynamics	603
14.4.4.1	Steady-State Aerodynamic Force on the Flapping Wing and on the Body	603
14.4.4.2	Non-steady-state Aerodynamics	606
14.4.5	Energetics	607
14.4.5.1	Flight in Formation	607
14.4.5.2	Power Requirements	608
14.4.5.3	Performance Limitations	609
14.5	Biostatics. WERNER NACHTIGALL (B. P. WINNEWISSER, translator). (With 9 Figures)	610
14.5.1	Definition	610
14.5.2	Dimensional Considerations; Biochemical Consequences of Absolute Size	610
14.5.3	Static Systems of Great Slenderness	610
14.5.4	Forces and Moments	610
14.5.5	Stress of Bending and Breaking Strength	611
14.5.5.1	Types of Stress	611
14.5.5.2	Relief of Bending Stress by Compensating Weights and by Tension in Stays	611
14.5.5.3	The Forces Exerted on a Bone	611
14.5.5.4	Bending Moment and Resistance Moment	612
14.5.5.5	Axial Moment of Area of Cross Section	612
14.5.5.6	Polar Moment of Area of Cross Section	613
14.5.5.7	Statics of the Leg of the Water Beetle Gerris	615
14.5.6	Structures of Uniform Strength	615
14.5.6.1	Bending Stress Diagram and Area of Moments	615
14.5.6.2	Man-made Structures of Uniform Strength	616
14.5.6.3	The Human Ulna as a Structure of Uniform Strength	616

14.6 Biomechanics of the Cardiovascular System. RUDOLF DIETRICH BAUER, RUDI BUSSE, and ERIK WETTERER (B. P. WINNEWISSE, translator). (With 12 Figures)	618
14.6.1 Introductory Remarks	618
14.6.2 The Heart as a Pump	618
14.6.3 The Arterial System	621
14.6.4 Microcirculation	627
14.6.5 The Venous System	629
14.6.6 Adjustment and Regulation of the Circulatory System	629
14.7 Water and Solute Movement in Plants. HUBERT ZIEGLER (B. P. WINNEWISSE, translator). (With 16 Figures)	630
14.7.1 Introduction	630
14.7.2 Xylem Transport	631
14.7.2.1 The Conducting Tissues	631
14.7.2.2 The Velocity of Water Transport	632
14.7.2.3 Resistance to Flow in the Xylem	633
14.7.2.4 Theoretical and Measured Pressure Gradients in the Xylem	634
14.7.2.5 The Motive Forces in Xylem Transport	635
14.7.2.6 The Regulation of Water Transport	637
14.7.3 Phloem Transport	638
14.7.3.1 The Conducting Elements	638
14.7.3.2 Substances Translocated in the Phloem	638
14.7.3.3 Transport Velocity and Mass Transfer	638
14.7.3.4 The Mechanism of Sieve Tube Transport	639
15 Neurobiophysics	641
15.1 Excitation, its Conduction and Synaptic Transmission. JOSEF DUDEL. (With 22 Figures)	641
15.1.1 Introduction	641
15.1.2 Excitation	641
15.1.2.1 Action Potential	641
15.1.2.2 Time and Potential Dependence of the Ionic Currents During the Action Potential	642
15.1.2.3 Physical and Chemical Influences on Excitation	645
15.1.2.4 Model of the Sodium Channel	646
15.1.3 Electrotonic Potential Spread and Conduction of Action Potentials	648
15.1.3.1 Spread of Potential Changes in Nerves	648
15.1.3.2 Conduction of the Action Potential	648
15.1.4 Chemical Synaptic Transmission	649
15.1.4.1 Morphology and Principles of Function of a Chemical Synapse	650
15.1.4.2 Release of the Transmitter	650
15.1.4.3 Excitatory and Inhibitory Postsynaptic Potentials	652
15.1.4.4 Synaptic Summation and Facilitation	653
15.1.4.5 Transmitter-Receptor Reaction and Time Course of Synaptic Currents	653
15.1.5 Electrical Synaptic Transmission	656
15.1.5.1 Electrotonic Transmission	656
15.1.5.2 Other Electrical Synapses	657
15.2 Biophysics of Sensory Mechanisms	657
15.2.1 Fundamentals of Transduction Mechanisms in Sensory Cells. ULRICH THURM (S. MESSELE-WIESER, translator). (With 8 Figures)	657
15.2.1.1 Sensory Transduction - a Regulatory Process	657
15.2.1.2 Survey of the Submechanisms of Transduction and Their Functional Relationships	659
15.2.1.3 The Spatial Arrangement of the Submechanisms of Transduction	660
15.2.1.4 Receptors for Various Stimulus Modalities: The Variability of the Sensor Region and the Invariance of the Energy-producing Structures	661

15.2.1.5	Functional Consequences of the Epithelial Construction of Sense Organs	663
15.2.1.6	Integration of the Submechanisms: the Receptor-current Circuit	665
15.2.2	Biophysics of Mechanoreception	666
15.2.2.1	Mechano-electrical Transduction. ULRICH THURM (S. MESSELE-WIESER, translator). (With 4 Figures)	666
15.2.2.2	The Auditory System of Mammals and Man. EBERHARD ZWICKER and GEOFFREY MANLEY. (With 19 Figures)	671
15.2.2.3	Echolocation. GERHARD NEUWEILER (B. P. WINNEWISSER, translator). (With 13 Figures)	683
15.2.3	Molecular Recognition: Biophysics of Chemoreception. KARL-ERNST KAISSLING (M. A. BIEDERMAN-THORSON, translator). (With 14 Figures)	697
15.2.3.1	Introduction: Chemical Signals	697
15.2.3.2	Uptake and Conduction of Signal Substances	698
15.2.3.3	Transduction of the Signal	700
15.2.3.4	Inactivation of Signal Substances	702
15.2.3.5	Input-Output Relationships in Receivers of Chemical Signals	703
15.2.3.6	The Specificity of Chemical Signal Receivers	705
15.2.4	The Biophysics of Photoreception	709
15.2.4.1	Photoreception and Its Molecular Basis. HENNIG STIEVE (B. P. WINNEWISSER, translator). (With 33 Figures)	709
15.2.4.2	Photoreceptor Optics – Structure and Function of Photoreceptors. RANDOLF MENZEL and ALLAN W. SNYDER (B. P. WINNEWISSER, translator). (With 7 Figures)	729
15.2.4.3	Information Transmission and Representation in the Nervous System: The Neurophysiology of Vision as an Example. OTTO D. CREUTZFELDT. (With 15 Figures)	739
15.2.5	Biophysics of Electroreception. HENNING SCHEICH. (With 16 Figures)	764
15.2.5.1	Introduction	764
15.2.5.2	Electric Organs	765
15.2.5.3	Pacemaker	766
15.2.5.4	Electroreceptors	767
15.2.5.5	Spatial Electroreception	768
15.2.5.6	Excitation of Electroreceptors	769
15.2.5.7	Neuronal Coding	769
15.2.5.8	Filter Properties of Tuberous Receptors	770
15.2.5.9	Central Mechanisms of Electroreception	771
15.2.5.10	Electrocommunication	774
15.2.6	Geobiophysics: The Effect of Ambient Pressure, Gravity and of the Geomagnetic Field on Organisms. HUBERT MARKL (B. P. WINNEWISSER, translator). (With 5 Figures)	776
15.2.6.1	Introduction	776
15.2.6.2	The Effect of Ambient Pressure on Organisms	777
15.2.6.3	The Effect of Gravity on Organisms	778
15.2.6.4	The Effect of the Geomagnetic Field on Organisms	782
16	Cybernetics	788
16.1	Information Theory and Communication Theory. HANS MARKO. (With 10 Figures)	788
16.1.1	Introduction	788
16.1.2	The Unidirectional Information Channel	789
16.1.3	The Bidirectional Communication	790
16.2	Introduction into Cybernetics of Orientation Behavior. HORST MITTELSTAEDT. (With 6 Figures)	794
16.2.1	The Object and the Objective	794
16.2.2	Open Loop and Closed Loop	795
16.2.3	Sinusoidal Input Functions and Their Consequences	796
16.2.4	Formation of Orthogonal Components	798
16.2.5	Capabilities and Limitations	799
16.2.6	Space or Spatial Frequency	800

16.3	System Theory of Perception Processes. HANS MARKO. (With 12 Figures)	802
16.3.1	The System	802
16.3.2	The Three-dimensional System Theory of Homogenous Layers	803
16.3.2.1	Stationary Pattern	804
16.3.2.2	Constant Velocity Pattern (CVP)	804
16.3.2.3	Rotational Symmetry of the System Function	805
16.3.2.4	Factorability or Separability of the System Function	805
16.3.3	Visual Detection	805
16.3.3.1	Harmonic Analysis of Visual Perception	805
16.3.3.2	Temporal Analysis of Visual Perception	807
16.3.3.3	The z-Model	807
16.3.3.4	The zo-Model	809
16.3.3.5	The z-Channel Model	809
16.3.4	Visual Classification	810
16.3.5	Active Perception and Information Production	810
16.3.6	Discussion	810
16.4	Systems Analytical Behavioral Research: as Illustrated with the Fly. WERNER REICHARDT (B. P. WINNEWISSER, translator). (With 6 Figures)	811
16.4.1	Introduction	811
16.4.2	Properties of Linear and Nonlinear Systems	812
16.4.3	Systems Analysis of Pattern-induced Flight Orientation of Insects	812
16.4.3.1	Experimental Concept and Method	812
16.4.3.2	Flight Dynamics	813
16.4.3.3	Eigenbehavior	813
16.4.3.4	Orientation Behaviour Relative to an Elementary Environment	813
16.4.3.5	Linear Systems Theory of One-Stripe Fixation	814
16.4.3.6	Stationary Tracking of a Single Object	814
16.4.4	Orientation Behavior Relative to a Complex Environment	815
16.4.5	Nonlinear System Theory of Pattern-induced Flight Orientation	815
16.4.6	From a Macroscopic to a Microscopic Description	816
16.4.6.1	Volterra Description of a System with n Inputs and One Output	816
16.4.6.2	Application of the Volterra Formalism to Orientation Behavior	817
16.4.7	Summary and Outlook	820
16.5	Aspects on Biophysics of Biological Oscillations. ANDERS JOHNNSSON. (With 5 Figures)	820
16.5.1	Introduction	820
16.5.2	Harmonic Oscillations. Van der Pol Oscillator	821
16.5.3	Perturbation of Oscillators. Phase-response Curves	822
16.5.4	Another Point of View: Feedback	824
16.5.5	Coupling Between Several Oscillators	826
17	Evolution	829
17.1	Self-organization of Matter and Early Evolution of Life. HANS KUHN and JÜRGE WASER. (With 31 Figures)	830
17.1.1	Introduction	830
17.1.2	Principal Aspects of the Model	831
17.1.2.1	The First Steps	831
17.1.2.2	Helical Nucleotide Strands	833
17.1.2.3	Further Early Steps	834
17.1.2.4	Aggregation of Interlocking Subunits	835
17.1.2.5	A Definition of Primordial Life	836
17.1.2.6	The Assembler	836
17.1.2.7	Liberation from the Specific Environment	839
17.1.2.8	Formation of Envelopes	839
17.1.2.9	Primitive Code and Code Translator	840
17.1.2.10	Computer Simulation of Code Fixation	842
17.1.2.11	Further Suppression of Copying Errors	843
17.1.3	General Model Aspects and Later Evolutionary Stages	844
17.1.3.1	General Features of the Evolutionary Process	844
17.1.3.2	Complications Caused by the Presence of Complementary Strands	845

17.1.3.3	Interchange of Genetic Material	847
17.1.3.4	Different Realization of the Same Evolutionary Step	850
17.1.3.5	Some Experimental Aspects	851
17.1.3.6	Some Possible Experimental Approaches and Predictions	853
17.1.4	Some Mathematical and Numerical Details	854
17.1.4.1	Strands and Their Replication	854
17.1.4.2	Selection of Strands with Specifically Folded Forms	855
17.1.4.3	Some Aspects of the Stabilization of a Code	864
17.1.4.4	Further Course of Evolution	865
17.1.4.5	Rate of Replication Errors in Systems that Produce Correct Proteins	865
17.1.4.6	Time Requirements for the Evolution of a Simple Bacterium	867
17.1.4.7	Maximum Information Storage When There is No Interchange of Genetic Material	867
17.1.4.8	Limitation of Information Storage by Thermal Noise	868
17.1.5	Information and Knowledge	869
17.1.5.1	Knowledge K	869
17.1.5.2	Evolutionary Process and Computer Fundamentals	870
17.1.6	Fundamental Aspects of Self-organization of Matter into Living Systems	872
17.1.7	Evolutionary Outside Biology	873
17.1.8	Concluding Remarks	873
17.2	From Biological Macromolecules to Protocells – The Principle of Early Evolution. PETER SCHUSTER and KARL SIGMUND. (With 31 Figures)	874
17.2.1	Introduction	874
17.2.2	What is "Evolution"?	875
17.2.3	Irreversible Thermodynamics and Self-replication	878
17.2.4	The Molecular Mechanisms of RNA Replication	884
17.2.5	The Evolution Reactor	888
17.2.6	Molecular Selection	890
17.2.7	A Stochastic Model for Self-replication	892
17.2.8	Darwinian Evolution of Polynucleotides	895
17.2.9	Cooperation Between Self-replicating Elements	901
17.2.10	Compartments and Individuals	906
17.2.11	The Role of a Variable Environment	908
17.2.12	A Model for the Course of Early Evolution	908
17.3	Chemical Evolution and the Origin of Living Systems. KLAUS DOSE. (With 13 Figures)	912
17.3.1	Introduction	912
17.3.1.1	Evolution and Evolutionary Sequences	912
17.3.1.2	What Are Living Systems?	913
17.3.1.3	Are There "Exotic" Biochemistries?	913
17.3.2	The Origin of Life	914
17.3.2.1	General Presentation of Chemical and Prebiotic Evolution	914
17.3.2.2	Microfossils in Precambrian Sediments	914
17.3.2.3	Environmental Conditions More than Three Billion Years Ago	916
17.3.2.4	The Starting Material for Chemical Evolution	917
17.3.2.5	Laboratory Experiments on the Formation of Micromolecules	917
17.3.2.6	Origin of Optical Activity	918
17.3.2.7	Condensation of Micromolecules to Oligomers and Polymers and the Origin of Biological Information	919
17.3.2.8	Self-assembly of Proteinoids into Microspheres ("Precells")	921
17.3.3	Remaining Questions	922
	Appendix	925
	Subject Index	927